CLINICAL-PSYCHOPATHOLOGICAL FEATURES OF ADAPTATION DISORDERS IN PEOPLE WITH COMPUTER DEPENDENCE

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Topicality. The situation associated with addictive behavior is quite problematic for many countries in the world, including Ukraine [1]. The reason is the radical difference between the stereotypes of thinking and the outlook of successive generations brought up in different socio-economic conditions, as well as through a protracted political, economic and social crisis [2,3].

The purpose of the study: a comprehensive study of clinical-psychopathological and pathopsychological features of adaptation disorders in people with computer dependence.

Materials and methods. For achievement of the set purpose during 2016-2018 on the basis of the Kharkov Regional Clinical Psychiatric Hospital No. 3 and in the Military Medical Clinical Center of the Northern region, the complex examination of 147 patients with adaptive disorders were performed (F43.21, F43.22).

The results of the study. The main group consisted of 85 patients with signs of computer dependence according to the results of AUDIT-like tests; the control group included 62 patients with no signs of addictive behavior. The structure of computer dependence in the examined people of the main group consisted of obsessive surfing (Internetsurfing, search for information on databases and search sites) - 45.8% of the surveyed, 22.3% computer games; 5.8% virtual dating; 14.1% passion for online gambling; 1.2% cybersex (using porn sites).

Conclusions. Thus, according to the results of the study, in clinical disorders of adaptation in people with computer dependence mood depression; internal tension with inability to relax; increased susceptibility to previously neutral stimuli; irritability; asthenic symptoms; loss of interest in work or study, family and friends; violation of the sleep-wake cycle are dominated.
Topicality. The diagnosis of dementia has now grown from a medical problem to a social one, as it is one of the leading causes of mortality, disability, and reduced quality of life in patients with this pathology [1]. Demographic changes in society: increasing life expectancy, changing the age structure of the population. The tendency for a steady increase in the share of the elderly in the population of economically developed and most developing countries is quite strong. Dementia is the most common in this age group.

Objective. To determine the clinical and psychopathological features of patients with dementia.

Materials and Methods. We examined 59 patients with dementia. Patients were treated at KNPC KRC "Regional Clinical Psychiatric Hospital № 3". The following psycho-diagnostic techniques were used in the study: “Measuring quality of life” Mezzich I., Cohen N., Ruiperez M., Lin I., and Yoon G., Maruta NA